FINAL REPORT

Marine Endangered Species Monitoring Program
Weeks Marine, Inc.
Galveston District

Maintenance Project Houston Harbor Ship Channel, Texas

Dates: 13 May- 11 August 2003



Submitted by:

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ABSTRACT

A twenty-four hour per day marine endangered species monitoring program was conducted onboard both the hopper dredge *B.E. Linkholm* (13 May through 11 August 2003) and *R.N. Weeks* (05 June 02 August 2003) during the Houston Harbor Ship Channel maintenance project. Endangered and threatened sea turtles *Caretta caretta* (loggerhead), *Chelonia mydas* (green), *Lepidochelys kempii* (Kemp's ridley), *Dermochelys coriacea* (leatherback) and *Eretmochelys imbricata* (hawksbill) were the species targeted. One take was recorded; a whole *Lepidochelys kempii* (Kemp's ridley) recovered.

INTRODUCTION

The REMSA Inc. Marine Endangered Species Observer Division was subcontracted by Weeks Marine, Inc. in the Galveston District to monitor the impact of dredging on endangered sea turtle species in the area of the dredge operation. Pursuant to agreements with the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), four certified observers, two on each dredge were required onboard during the months of prime sea turtle activity for that area to document any detected incidents involving target species.

SCOPE OF WORK

REMSA provided the necessary trained personnel and equipment to clean and monitor inflow screens onboard the hopper dredges B.E. Lindholm and R.N. Weeks for the necessary reports. Monitoring was performed 24 hours each day starting with the dredge B.E. Lindholm (13 May through 11 August 2003) along with the Dredge R.N. Weeks (05 June through 02 August 2003) to complete the beach replenishment project. Observers inspected and cleaned all inflow and overflow screens, and inspected both dragheads each time they were brought on deck for cleaning and maintenance. Any death or injury involving target species, the loggerhead turtle (Caretta caretta), green turtle (Chelonia mydas), Kemp's ridley turtle (Lepidochelys kempii), leatherback turtle (Dermochelys coriacea), and hawksbill turtle (Eretmochelys imbricata) were to be identified, logged, measured, and photographed. Disposal of any animals recovered was the responsibility of the observer and dredge personnel. A load sheet was completed for each load whether or not turtle parts were found. In the case of an incident or take involving a sea turtle, incident report forms were to be completed and the observers are to contact NMFS and the COE within twenty-four hours of the incident. Daylight bridge watch was conducted during periods when the observer was not occupied with screen cleaning duties. Observers ensured that dredge crew personnel were aware of the need to avoid incidents involving any endangered animal, and that civil and criminal penalties are possible for harming or harassing endangered species.

METHODS

Dredge coverage began when the observers arrived onboard the *B.E. Lindholm* (13 May through 11 August 2003) and the *R.N. Weeks* (05 June through 02 August 2003) in Houston, TX. Two certified observers were present during prime sea turtle activity working 12 hour shifts.

Both Dredges B.E. Lindholm and R.N. Weeks functioned with 100% inflow screening with sea turtle draghead deflectors being used. The screening baskets were fitted with

4" x 4" screening material to insure that parts of targeted species would not be allowed to flow through into the hopper. All dragheads and screening baskets were checked after each load of the observers 12-hour shift. The appropriate forms were filled out, noting any incidents regarding targeted species as well as the marine life present in the inflow and overflow boxes.

A bridge lookout was maintained during those daylight hours that the observer was not on deck checking screens. Watch was kept for turtles in the dredging area and dump site.

RESULTS

There was one reported incident during the project period. The incident was identified as a whole Kemp's ridley (*Lepidocheyls kempii*) taken by the *B.E. Lindholm* on load #465. The fragment was reported to be fresh. Proper incident reports were completed and faxed to NMFS (Appendix 1). The specimen and a copy of the incident report were turned in to COE personnel for transport to NMFS lab for further evaluation and tissue sampling.

The mean sea temperature during this period averaged fourteen 14 ° Celsius with a fluctuation of +/- 2°C. Many pods of bottlenose dolphin (*Tursiops truncatus*) were spotted throughout the bridge watches and were noted in the daily reports. Due to the nature of the material being dredged, this project possessed an abundance of large rocks and biological species. All species were identified and recorded in daily report sheets to provide information for biological by-catch in the surrounding area.

Incident #1
Houston Ship Channel, Texas
19 July 2003
Lepidochelys kempii



SUMMARY

On 13 May 2003, the hopper dredge *B.E. Lindholm* began dredging in Houston Ship Channel, Texas along with the dredge *R.N. Weeks* on 05 June 2003. Dredging was conducted for a total of eighty-five days with a total of 546 loads between the two dredges, *B.E. Lindholm* (353) and *R.N. Weeks* (192). On 19 July 2003, the observer on the dredge *B.E. Lindholm* reported an incident in which a whole sea turtle was found. The specimen found was a Kemp's Ridley (Lepidochelys kempii). Information was recorded and copies were made for Weeks Marine, NMFS, and COE.

Many pods of bottlenose dolphin (*Tursiops truncatus*) were spotted throughout the bridge watches and were noted in the daily reports along with the biological by-catch.

If there are any questions regarding this report please feel free to contact me at the number below.

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Appendix 1 Sea Turtle Incident Reports

ENDANGERED SPECIES OBSERVER PROGRAM

Project: Houston- Galveston Shipping Charnel, TX INCIDENT REPORT OF SEA TURTLE TAKE BY DREDGING ACTIVITY

Date 19 / July / 2003 Time(24hr) 1600
pecies of Turtle Taken Lepidochelys Kempii (Kemp's Redley)
Oredging Site (channel, port, etc.) channel
ocation of Take: Latitude 29°30N Longitude 94°55 W
Vessel Name and Company RE Lindholm, Weeks Marine
ype of Dredging Activity Maintenance + deepening
.cad # 465 Times: Start 1028 End 1314 Dump 1523
ampling Method (overflow, inflow, etc.) overflow + inflow
amples Recovered From port overboard discharge basket
Condition of Screening Good
Draghead Deflector? Yes X No No
Condition of Deflector good
Weather Conditions 84° partly cloudy, color seas, 5-10 Kt Tide flood
Water Temperature: Surface 30° Column 27° Or F (circle one)
Condition of Specimen(s) Sampled Entire torthe recovered with mild abrasions on
carapace plastron, head and marginal scutic Some bleeding exident in
of + tissues of reck and flippers. Photos taken (#23-27)
reasurements.
of + tissues of neck and flippers. Photos taken (#23-27)
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Measurements Dive estimate of entire carapace dimensions, as well as fragments sampled (in metric when possible, indicate if not)
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Lepidochelys kempii (Kemp's Ridley)

Shade areas of turtle that are missing. Sketch cracks and lacerations.

